IRONTON. : : : MISSOURL

The statue of Frederick the Great will be shipped from Germany to Washington about June a.

The city of Manila was fileially de clared free from cholera, on the 4th, after a quarantine lasting nearly a

The plans of Henry Merwin Shrady for a monument to Gen. Grant were selected by the memorial commission on the 4th.

The naval appropriation bill reported to congress, on the 6th, carries \$79,048,420, which is \$6,142,089 less than the estimates.

Secretary Moody accepted the resignation of Naval Constructor Richmond P. Hobson, on the 6th, to take effect from that date. The meeting of the American Cat-

tle Growers' association called for Denver, Col., during the first week of March, has been indefinitely post-The house committee on pensions. on the 4th, authorized a favorable re-

port on the bill to increase pen-ions of Mexican war veterans from \$8 to \$12 per month. President Roosevelt, on the 6th, deelined the invitation of the allies to arbitrate their claims for preferential

Senator Hanna introduced a bill in congress, on the 4th, granting pensions and a bounty to all ex-slaves who were freed by the proclamation of President Lincoln.

creditor nations.

The report of the Italian commission which has made a study of yellow fever in Brazil, published on the 3d, rejects the theory that the disease is transmitted by mosquitos.

A condition of civil war prevails in Honduras, and the navy department, on the 3d, ordered Admiral Casey to proceed to that country with squadron to protect American inter-

J. Edward Addicks issued a state ment to the republican members of the Delaware legislature, on the 5th. withdrawing from the candidacy for United States senator from that

Mrs. Louise Ancrum Crager, whose mother was Miss Jane Washington, a great-granddaughter of Col. William Washington, a first cousin of George Washington, died at Baltimore, on

First Lient, E. E. Carroll, U. S. A., was missed from a transport on which he was going from Manila to Hollo, on January 28, and is supposed to have fallen overboard and been drowned.

Mrs. Elizabeth Young Ellsworth the oldest child of Brigiann Young, died at her home at Lewisville, Idaho, on the 3d. She leaves four children, 37 grandchildren and 47 great-grand-

Rumors of the Illness of King Edward were circulated in London, on the 2d, but his private secretary said it was simply a feverish cold. An intended visit to Chatsworth castle had to be postponed.

Gen. Miles was the guest of Col Cody (Buffalo Bill) at his Wild West show in London, on the 4th, and while there met and conversed with some Indian chiefs who had fought against him on the plains.

William Paull, a baritone of the Castle Square opera company, fell or jumped from a sixth-story window of the Southern hotel, St. Louis, on the the 6th. 5th, death resulting from his injuries in less than an hour,

Mr. Perry Gloaming and Miss Georgia Clayson, while walking at Ames, Ia., on the 5th, were bitten by a vicious dog, whereupon they at once got married and went to Chicago for treatment at the Pasteur institute.

The strike of 300 employes of job printing offices in Omaha, Neb., ended, on the 6th, the employers conceding an advance in wages to the pressmen and agreeing to settle the demands of the printers by arbitration.

The operators of Indiana, Illinois, Ohio and western Pennsylvania, on the 5th, offered the soft coal miners an advance in wages for the coming Mear amounting to 12 per cent. The miners took the offer under advisement.

President Roosevelt, on the 5th commuted the sentence of James Green, charged with violating a federal court's injunction, during the coal strike in West Virginia, and sentenced to jail for six months from December 18.

Former United States Senator Arthur Brown was sentenced to jail by a judge at Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 5th, until he paid the amount the court had assessed against him as alimony for Mrs. Brown in a suit for separate maintenance.

The prohibition state central committee met at Springfield, Ill., on the 5th, and organized the Hale Johnson Memorial association, the object being to erect a monument to the memory of Hale Johnson, their candidate

for vice-president in 1900. The anthracite coal strike commis sion concluded the hearing of evidence, on the 5th, and arguments of counsel will follow. The hearing lasted 51 days, 556 witnesses were examined, and 9,200 typewritten pages of testimony, or 2,400,000 words, were

taken.

"Lieut.-Col. F. Seymour Barrington," a bogus English lord, who has made St. Louis his headquarters for some weeks, and a few days ago married a young lady of Kansas City on his false pretenses, was sentenced to fine of \$500, in a police court, on the 3d, for disturbing the peace

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# NEWS AND NOTES.

A Summary of Important Events.

### FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

(Second Session.)

(Second Session.)

In the senate, on the 2d, the army appropriation bill was under consideration. On request of Mr. Pettus, who wished to offer some amendments, it went over until the 3d. The statehood bill was up for a short time, Mesers. Bard and Quaries speaking in opposition to it. After a brief executive session the senate adjourned out of respect to the memory of the late Representative Rumple, of lown... The house passed about forty bills under supervision of the rules. The most important was a bill to authorize the resumption of the negotiations with Great Britain for the preservation of the Alaskun fur seals. The bill appropriating \$150,000 for a new department of agriculture building was passed. A bill was passed advancing Brig.-Gen. H. C. Merriam, retired, to the grade of major general on the retired list.

In the senate, on the 3d, the bill to further regulate railroad transportation was passed. At its one of a number of measures concerning corporations, and has particular reference to railroads. The army appropriation bill was passed, but the provision establishing a general staff was eliminated. An amendment was incorporated to place the chief of staff exclusively under the direction of the president. The bill will now go to conference.

... In the house the day was mostly spent on claim bills coming over from last week. Mr. Payne (N. Y.) fought them all, but succeeded in defeating only three of them. After these bills were disposed of general debate on the post office bill was resumed, and Mr. Robb (Mo.) addressed the house on the trust question.

In the senate, on the 4th, there was a lively passage of words between Mr. Galtreatment by Venezuela over other was resumed, and Mr. Hobb (Mo.) addressed the house on the trust question.

In the senate, on the 4th, there was a lively passage of words between Mr. Gallinger and Mr. Beveridge, the former declaring in positive terms that Mr. Beveridge and his friends were prolonging the statehood bill debate in pursuance of a "deliberate and premeditated system of obstruction." The general staff bill was reconsidered and passed with an amendment putting the chief of staff under the direction of the president, "and the secretary of war under the direction of the president." In the house the debate on the post office appropriation bill was enlivened by a discussion of the tariff quesition, a number of members taking part. The annual attempt to strike out the appropriations for special mail facilities between Washington and New Orleans, and Kansas City and Newton, Kas., was made by Mr. Taibot (S. C.) who made a motion to eliminate the provisions. The motion was pending when the house adjourned.

In the senate, on the 5th, the discussion of the startened hill was continued in

motion was pending when the house adjourned.

In the senate, on the 5th, the discussion of the statehood bill was continued, but it soon furned to the question of polygamy and the influence of the Mormon church over politics occupied a large share of the debate. Mr. Gallinger said he was in favor of an amendment to the statehood bill covering the question of polygamy as strongly and firmly as possible. Without transacting any business, the senate went into executive session and soon afterward adjourned. The housecontinued the debate on the anti-trust bill. The bill to expedite anti-trust prosecutions passed without debate. The post office appropriation bill was passed before the trust bills were taken up. The death of Mr. Moody, of North Carolina, was announced, and out of respect to his memory the house at once adjourned until Friday.

In the senate on the 6th, Mr. Morgan

In the senate, on the 5th, Mr. Morgan spoke on his resolution calling on the secretary of the navy for correspondence regarding the military occupation of the bays of Panama and Colon. The senate went into executive session, and Mr. Morsan continued his remarks, alleging that the \$5.00,000 which the United States paid to Colombia would go to the insurgents who made peace has year. In open session he predicted that if the United States continued its policy with reference to the construction of an isthmian canal, war with Colombia was inevitable. The senate then adjourned out of respect to the memory of the late Representative Moody, of North Carolina, who died Thursday... In the house general debate on the anti-trust hill began at ten o'clock in the morning and continued until six in the evening. A final vote on the bill will be taken Saturday. In the senate, on the 6th, Mr. Morgan

#### taken Saturday. PERSONAL AND GENERAL

Five persons were killed and several njured in a collision between Rock Island freight trains near Tecolate, N. M., on the 5th.

Gilbert Acre was crushed to death and two others seriously injured by the collapse of a roof of a seven story building at Newcastle, Pa., on

Hardie Henderson, the former wellknown baseball player, was struck

and killed by a trolley car in Philadelphia, on the 6th. Steve Clark, white, and Will Gatlin, colored, murderers, were hanged

at Poplar Bluff, Mo., on the 6th. Thomas M. Hill fatally shot his father, near Hopkinsville, Ky., on the 6th, for remarks he is said to have made regarding the young man's

Col. A. J. Gordon, aged 89, a civil war veteran, was found dead in his store at Hartville, Mo., on the 6th. presumably of heart disease.

severe earthquake, accompanied by loud rumblings, was felt on the island of Jamaica, on the 6th.

The trial of William Hooper Young for the murder of Mrs. Anna Pulitzer, in September last, began in New York, on the 6th.

Seven coal dealers were fined \$100 and costs each, at Delaware, O., on the 6th, for violation of the state antitrust law.

Ralph Milbanke, British minister to Austria, died suddenly at Vienna, on the 6th, of heart disease.

Charles Hoxie, mining editor of the Lead Call, died of consumption at Deadwood, Col., on the 6th. Lady Henry Gordon Lennox died in

London, on the 6th. Torson Cabinaw, Benj. Nebols, George Cottrell, Loren Lario and Walter Griffin have been indicted by the grand jury at South Bend, Ind., man of the constabulary were killed for pulling out the tongue of a balky and ten other Americans wounded, horse with a rope in an effort to make

the animal start. To wreak his vengeance on persons who he states abused him, Nathan Prevat, a colored boy, 15 years of age, set fire and burned property at Cairo, Ill., valued at nearly \$100,000. He is now in jail, and the police have his contrary. confession that he was the incendiary

that caused numerous fires of late. President Loubet of France, so it is reported, will come to this country in June, 1904, in a French warship with several members of his cabinet New Orleans will be the first port touched, and he will go thence to the

World's fair in St. Louis. Mrs. Peck, wife of Prof. Tracy Peck, LL., D., professor of Latin and literature of Yale university, was found dead at the foot of Palasade cliffs, at 44 cases in the lazaretto. Fort Hall park, New Haven, Conn., on the 6th. She had wandered away Odell of New York, died at Newburg, a round trip. while ill and had fallen over the cliff. N. Y., on the 9th.

While repairing a windmill, William J. Commer, one of the best-known farmers of Reac county, Kas., fell to the ground, a distance of 30 feet, and was injured so badly that he lived but a few hours. He had life insurance policies to the amount of \$27,500, besides having over \$40,000 worth of

Edward M. Sturgess, a prospector from Mexico, near Douglas, Ariz., reports a tremendous gold strike in the Terre mountains, about forty miles from Cos, the terminus of the Nacozari railroad. Sturgess claims to have taken \$150,000 gold in six weeks with a very crude outfit.

The announcement from Washing-ton that the United States senate will not ratify the Alaskan boundary treaty is attributed, in some quarters, in London, to the "exasperation created in the United States by England's attitude in the Venezuelan question."

As positively a last farewell to the American audiences Adelina Patti has agreed to a tour of this country, consisting of 60 concerts. For this she is to receive from Robert Grau, with whom she made her contract, at least \$200,000.

The existence of two or three Use: of smallpox at Notre Dame university, South Bend, Ind., has been discovered. Every possible precaution has been taken towards preventing : spread of the disease.

The friends, at Amsterdam, of Mr. Kruger the former president of the Transvaul, have received a dispatch from Mentone, which states that his health is entirely shattered and that the end is not far off.

#### LATE NEWS ITEMS.

In the senate, on the 7th, the statehood bill again occupied most of the Jay, Mr. Kean continuing but not concluding his speech on the subject, The claim of the opponents of the bill that it does not contain a sufficient rafeguard against polygamy gave rise to a general debate. A large number of bills to which there was no opposition were passed during the day .... The house, by a unanimous vote, passed the anti-trust bill. The senate amendments to the army appropriation bill were concurred in and the bill was sent to the conference.

News of terrible less of life and destruction of property in the South sea islands by tidal wave, on January 13, reached San Francisco, on the 8th. The loss of life is certimated at 1,000, eight white people being among the drowned. The surviving natives were left destitute of food, shelter or clothing, the storm having swept everything away.

A very distinct shock of earthquake was felt in St. Louis about 6:20 o'clock on the night of the 8th. At the same hour the shock was felt in many places in the states of Illinois, Missouri and Kentucky, but no serious damage was reported from any point.

Mrs. Lafayette Taylor, of Centerville, Sullivan county, N. Y., confessed, on the 8th, to the murder of ner husband on January 25, and also that she and her 14-year-old daughter had cut the body in small pieces and burned it, to escape detection.

A campaign against crime in Kentucky was inaugurated by the Louisville Ministerial association, on the 8th. Special services were held in most of the churches in the city and at many points throughout the state.

The former crown princess of Saxony left Geneva, on the 8th, and went to a Swiss sanitarium for quietude and medical attention, being much depressed by the refusal to allow her to visit her siek child. Henry S. Monroe, one of the

oldest ettlers and a veteran member of the Chicago bar, died of pneu-monia, on the 8th, aged 77 years. He was an intimpte friend of Stephen A. Douglas.

The Columbia theater, at Frankfort, Ind., was burned, on the 8th, presumably the work of an inceedi-

Dr. Paul Haedicke, well known as journalist both in America and Germany, cied in New York, on the 8th. In the senate, on the 2th, Mr. Carmack spoke on the Rawlins resolution calling on the secretary of war or reports from certain courts mar-He charged that murders in the Philippines by American soldiers had become so common that they could not bear investigation, and criticised the conduct of both the president and secretary of war. Mr. Kean continued his speech on the statehood bill, and several senators indulged in a debate on the question of the interference of the Mormon church in polities. Mr. Elkins spoke in favor of statehood for New Mexico ... The house spent almost the entire day on two District of Columbia appropriation bills, one to authorize the government to advance \$6,000,000 to the district and the other the conference report on the union station bill. The former

was defeated and the latter sent back to conference. No progress was made at the conference, on the 9th, between the Chicago Building Managers' association and the striking employes, and a gen-

eral strike in all the large office build-Ings in the city is looked for. A charter was issued by the secre tary of state of Missouri, on the 9th, for an electric railroad to extend from Brookfield to Glasgow, Mo., and

thence to St. Louis, to be completed in time for the World's fair. In a fight with Filipino insurgents, on the 8th, Inspector Harris and one

while the insurgents left 15 dead and three wounded on the field. The health authorities of San Fran cisco issued a statement, on the 9th ideclaring that there was not a case of bubonic plague in that city, and

denouncing as false all reports to the Tony Grillo and his wife, keepers of a boarding house at Portage, Pa. were killed by an explosion of dyna mite under their house, on the 9th done for the purpose of robbery.

Five hundred families were ren dered destitute by a fire which destroyed 370 homes and many public buildings in the town of Krutz, Austria, on the 8th. There were four deaths from

plague at Mazatlan, on the 9th, and Mrs. Jane Odell, fin aunt of Gov.

### MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

May Draws the Color Line. Charles May, a double murderer, who is doomed to die on March 6, has notified Sheriff Spencer, of Buchanan county, that he seriously objects to being hanged on the same scaffold and with the same rope as used in the execution of James, Pollard, a negro, who was confined in jail with May in 1897. They quarreled in prison and became mortal enemies. Sheriff Spencer refused to comply with the request for a brand new gallows, and May retorted: "I'm ready to die, all right enough, but a white man is a white man, and a nigger is a nigger, and Missouri is too far south for a sheriff to lose sight of that fact. I most emphatically protest against being hanged on the same gallows and with the same rope by which a d—d nigger came to his end. I didn't think you was color blind, Mr. Spencer."

May Have Two Railroads.

Stone county has prospects of soon having two railroads—the Missouri Pacific and the White River lines. Land is bringing high prices, and many deals are being made daily in that section. The point of intersection will probably be Gelena, the county seat. Chief Engineer Rohwer, of the Missouri Pacific, was in that county recently, going over the proposed line. The country is mountainous, and many bridges and several tunnels will have to be constructed.

#### Bandits Still at Large.

William Anderson, alias Rudolph, and Fred Lewis, the murderers of Detective Schumacher, and the robbers of the bank at Union, are now supposed to be hiding in St. Francois county. Pinkerton detectives say the world is not large enough to hide the murderers of their comrade, and they will surely be caught sooner or later. A battle to the death is expected when the bandits are confronted by pursuers.

#### Runaway Boy Caught.

Claude Richmond, a boy of 11 years whose home is at Paris, was taken in charge by the authorities at Ironton and his father, Rev. C. F. Richmond, was notified. When arrested he car ried a 22-caliber target rifle, a 41caliber bulldog pistol, a copy of the life of Jesse James, a book of Harry Tracy's adventures, and some other trashy literature. He told a reporter that he was going to join the Union bank robbers.

### Carthage Man's Predicament.

A colony of skunks has been discovered in the residence of William steinhaus, an electrician of Carthage. They crawled from the cellar up between the plastering and weatherboarding to the garret, and now maintain their nest, despite all that the owner of the property can do. Traps will be set, and it is probable that the house will be vacated tem-

were playing ball at Koshkonong, one of them let a bat slip from his hands, striking the eight-year-old daughter of Albert Parker, keeper of a fruit store. Her skull was fractured, and at last report she was in a precarious condition.

### Will Return to Missouri. Cole Younger, the survivor of the

three noted Younger brothers, has been granted a full pardon by the Minnesota authorities, and will soon return to Jackson county, in state, where he first saw the light of day, and where he will reside in the future.

### Gambling at the Capital.

The crusade inaugurated by Rev rayton S. Brooks, pastor of the First Christian church, to suppress gambling and regulate the saloons, has met with a firm response from the citizens of Jefferson City

Killed Ills Brother-tu-Law. Thomas Brown shot and killed bit brother-in-law, Grover Strickler, four miles north of Doniphan. It is claimed that Brown's life had been threatened by Strickler. Brown gave h mself up to the authorities.

### Old Settler Found Dead.

Col. A. J. Gordon, aged 89, a civi war veteran, and one of the first settiers of Wright county, was found dead in his store at Hartville. The cause of his demise was heart dis ease.

Double Hanging at Poplar Bluff. Steve Clark, white, and William Gatlin, colored, were hanged at Poplar Bluff. Clark murdered his be throthed, and Gatlin killed a negro

over a crap game. A Farmer's Horrible Death. Samuel Kelly, a farmer near Joplin, was killed while sliding down a hay stack. He struck the upright handle

of a pitchfork and was disemboweled Death Came Without Warning. Morris Gasche, a native of Switzer land, but for years a resident of Jefferson City, dropped dead on street after eating a hearty breakfast Boy Fatally Hurt, While Consting.

Melvin Bailey, seven years old, was fatally injured in St. Joseph while ed to him by the shah of Persia. consting. His sled ran into a street car and his head struck the trucks. "The Wages of Sin Are Death." Charles Gurley, colored, who stabbed to death Rosie Higgins, a ne-

penalty on the gallows in St. Louis. Lightning Caused a Blaze. Lightning struck and set fire to Danton Dean's large barn near Nevada. Eight horses were cremated and a

gress, on April 20, 1901, paid the deata

great deal of grain was consumed. Bural Delivery From Marshall. rive rural mail routes now center at Marshall, averaging about 20 miles

### MISSOURI LEGISLATURE

The senate, on the 2d, by a vote of 18 to 7, defeated the bill of Senator Diskinson, of Henry county, relative to changes of venue in civil cases. The bill of Senator Clark, creating the office of county auditor in Jackson county, was passed. Senator McNatt introduced a bill to repeal the Australian ballot system. Senator Farris introduced a bill, the same as one presented in the house, relating to the appointment of special receivers for banks under certain conditions. Senator Farris' bill relating to the promotion of penitentiary patroimen was recommended favorably by the committee which has it in charge. A bill was introduced calculated to aid the St. Louis Terminal association to give all constituent companies representation on the board of directors, by increasing the number on the board from 13 to 15.

The appropriations bill for the salaries

by increasing the number on the board from 13 to 15.

The appropriations bill for the salaries of civil officers was taken up in the house, and a number of amendments offered were voted down, leaving it unchanged, as follows, Executive department, 18,000; judicial department, 1845. 200; state department of education, 18,200; reasury department, 1840. 200; militia department 186. 400; department of public buildings, 11, 200; bureau of labor statistics, 14,000; bureau of mine inspection, 29,000.

In the senate, on the 3d, the opposition to the alum bill carried a motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill was last week sent to engrossment and placed it in a position in which it is susceptible to amendment provided the opposition has the requisite number of votes. After the motion to reconsider was carried further consideration was postponed until next Tuesday afternoon at two o'clock. Senator Martin introduced a pure food bill, including every article of food as well as liquids, and providing for the appointment by the governor of state analysts who are to be under jurisdiction of the state board of health, in the principal cities of the state. The bill requiring the labels on all state printing was reported back from the committee without recommendation.

In the house, Mr. Colden, of Nodaway, offered a resolution for the removal of

out recommendation.

In the house, Mr. Colden, of Nodaway, offered a resolution for the removal of the state capital. Mr. Tichacek, of St. Louis city, offered an amendment that the resolution provide for the removal to St. Louis. Mr. Gardner, of St. Louis county, offered an amendment that the commission named be especially instructed to consider the practicability of having so constructed the state's buildings at the World's fair that they can be used for capitoi purposes. This amendment was adopted, as was the one offered by Mr.

adopted, as was the one offered by Mr. Williams, of Scott, that St. Louis put up \$1,000,000.

The senate, on the 4th, passed several bills which emanated in that body. Senator Matthews' bill, enabling the judge in a default divorce case to cross-examine the plaintiff's witnesses passed with an emergency clause, by a vote of 25 to 4. Senator Walker's bill enabling the governor to appoint the visiting committee which inspects state institutions before the fall election passed. The same senator's bill raising the salary of the commissioner of the permanent seat of government from \$900 to \$1,200 per annum passed by a vote of 23 to 7. Senator Vories' two bills regulating registration and primarles in St. Joseph passed. Senator Zevely's bill amending the homestead law was passed.

In the house, Mr. Simmons, of Shelby, offered a remonstrance to the bill proposing that the union labor label be placed on all state printing. It set forth that the enactment of the bill would preclude the publishers of weekly papers from competing for state work, and would result in placing all such work in the large cities. The remonstrance was signed by quite a large number of newspaper men who publish papers in all sections of the state, and most of whom have been president of the Missouri Press association. It was referred to committee on printing. The bill prohibiting the playing of football was up for engrosament, and was defeated by a vote of 70 to 90.

In the senate, on the 5th, Mr. Nelson, of St. Louis, introduced a bill veeting the

to 69.

In the senate, on the 5th, Mr. Nelson, of St. Louis, introduced a bill vesting the government of the Missouri school for the blind in St. Louis in a board of managers consisting of six members, one to be, if practicable, a physician and occulist, who shall give his professional services gratuitously to the pupils, and another, if practicable, a blind male graduate of the school, residing in St. Louis, In the house Mr. Morris introduced a that the house will be vacated temporarily.

Texans Invade Clinton County.

It has just become known that agents from the corn-famine district of Texas have quietly bought up all the purchasable hay and corn in Clinton county, three train loads of which were shipped away last week. Clinton county cattle raisers are now compelled to find an outside market, and will lose thousands of dollars by the invasion.

Koshkonong Girl's Skull Fractured.

While a number of school boys was alwaying hall at Koshkonong and the chool, residing in St. Louis, attention a board to be known as the "insurance rate board." It provides that there is hereby created an insurance commissioner, whose duty it shall be to meet on or before the first day of January, 1994, and each year thereafter, to agree upon and fix a rate to be used by all insurance companies, other than life, doing an insurance business then, or who may hereafter do said business in the state of Missouri. Just before the house adjourned Mr. Giver, of Cape Girardeau, moved that the capital removal resolution be reconsidered. The motion carried by a vote of \$5 to 40, on a call for a division. The bill introduced by Mr. Murphy, of St. Louis, requiring the union label on all printing done for the state, was indefinity postponed by a vote of \$6 to 40, on a call for a division. The bill introduced by Mr. Murphy, of St. Louis, requiring the union label on all printing done for the state, was indefinity postponed by a vote of \$6 to 40, on a call for a division. The bill introduced by Mr. Murphy, of St. Louis, requiring the union label on all printing done for the state, was indefinity postponed by a vote of \$6 to 40, on a call for a division. The bill introduced by Mr. Murphy, of St. Louis, requiring the union label printing done for the state, was indefinity postponed by a vote of \$6 to 40, on a call for a division. The senate was in session only 39 min-utes on the 6th, but practically cleared the calendar, after which adjournment was taken to Monday. A few bills of minor importance were introduced, and Senator McKinley introduced a joint and Senator McKinley introduced a joint and concurrent resolution for an amendment to the constitution increasing the terms of office of shortiffs and coroners from two to four years. The senate insurance committee reported two insurance bills favorably, the anti-co-insurance bill, in which St. Louis and other cities are interested, being one.

being one.

The house passed an appropriation bill, together with the emergency clause, which provides for the expenditure of \$56,859. It is appropriated for the payment of the interest on the bonded indebtedness of the state and the certificates of indebtedness issued and held in trust for the state school and seminary funds during the years 1903 and 1904. A bill was passed appropriating out of the state revenue fund, to be applied to the support of the public schools of the state, one-third of the ordinary revenue paid into the state treasury, for the years 1903 and 1904, which shall be ascertained and set apart to said school moneys by the state auditor, or as may be provided by law.

### POLICE ELECTION RETURNS. Matthew Kieley, of St. Louis, Elected Chairman of Board of Criminal Identification.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Maj. Richard Sylvester, president of the National Association of Police Chiefs, has received the returns of the elections of the governing board of the bureau of criminal identification. Matthew Kieley, chief of police of St. Louis, was elected chairman of the board: George E. Corner, chief of police of Cleveland, O., vice-chairman; Maj,

#### Sylvester, secretary and treasurer. Patti Will Be Heard Again, London, Feb. 7.-Adelina Patti has finally signed a contract for 60 concerts in America, commencing No-

vember 3 next. Albert Rasor, a miner, aged 23, was

killed in the Columbia lend mines at Esther, Mo., by a falling rock.

### SCIENCE SIFTINGS.

The average straight-ahead motion of the stars is now put at 21 miles a

Prof. Henry A. Ward, collector of meteorites, of Chicago, has just added an interesting specimen that fell near Fair in St. Louis. Bath Furnace, Ky., on November 15. His collection ranks fourth in the world, and he has one meteor present-

The expansion of metals on heating is a serious disadvantage for many the Balkans. purposes. The new alloy of iron with 36 per cent, of nickel is claimed to expand less than 1-12,000,000, for an increase of one degree C., while the expansion of iron is 1-80,000 for one degree C. The alloy is recommended for clock pendulums, measures, etc.

The thought of space, compared with which our immeasurable sidereal system dwindles to a point, is too overwhelming to be dwelt upon, is one of Herbert Spencer's latest reflections. 'Of late years the consciousness that without origin or cause infinite space has ever existed and must ever exist, produces in me a feeling from which I shrink."

It is Much Larger and More Widely Distributed Than Most Peo-

ple Imagine.

## CANTRELL'S SHAMELESS CONFESSION.

The Leader of the Indianapolis Ghoule Talks Glibly of His Operations and or the Ever-Growing Demand for Dissect ing Material-Former Prices for Good Subjects Have Doubled.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 9.-Cantrell,

the leader of the ghouls said to have seen in the employ of Dr. Joseph C. Alexander, of this city, now on trial es the man who employed and paid killed her father. She said the story them, on Saturday, for the first time, made public the fact that throughout his operations he kept a record of all the bodies stolen, the men who were dispatched to secure the cadavers and he doctors who attended the wounded ghouls when, on several occasions after midnight battles with grave-yard guards, they returned to the city wounded. Although it was known that the ghoul kept such a book, he has until now protested that it was destroyed. It not only describes the graves robbed, but shows as well the disposition made of each corpse, the college receiving it, the doctor who paid for it, and, if it was sent from the city, to what medical college elsewhere it was shipped.
A Shumeless Recital.

"I have robbed graves so long," Canrell declared, "that I overcame any scruples that I felt long ago. It was a matter of business. Each corpse meant \$30 or more. I never liked to disturb a grave covered with flowers and graves well cared for immediately following the burial were avoided generally by the ghouls. There was no special reason for this. It was merely inclination.

"If the people of the country at large think that all the operations of ghouls have been confined to the vicinity of Indianapolis a wrong impression exists. Graves have been derastated by ghouls in Philadelphia, Chicago, Pittsburg, Louisville and St. Louis to my own certain knowledge. St. Louis, however, secures most of its dissecting material from Chicago. I assisted at one time in shipping a 'surgical' case of exceptional value to Philadelphia. The body came from Ebenezer cemetery in Indianapolis.

Ghouls Always in Demand. "It was not necessary for me to work too long in any one city. There is a steady demand for ghouls all over of criminal laws. Specials from varithe country. I worked for short periods in Chicago, St. Louis, and in nearly killed in a grave that had been wealth, 'loaded' with chloroform. I wish I had a dollar for every body that Indianapolis and Chicago have shipped Ministerial association, several days to St. Louis and Kansas City. "There are secrets in the grave-

robbing business that only profes-sional ghouls with considerable experience understand. It might be supposed that we uncover the entire coffin when we wish to secure a body. On the contrary, we only make a hole of murders which have occurred in at the head of the grave as square as Louisville and throughout the state space dig through the soft dirt until we reach the coffin lid. A black robe or cover of some kind is then thrown over the opening and a man goes Mrs. Laura M. Cranston, Wife of down with a light to drill through enough to permit the body to be drawn head first from the coffin. It to the surface.

"Medical colleges in Indiana, those are dependent to a great extent upon the activity of the ghouls of Indiananow offer \$60 and \$70 for suitable dissecting material. The old prices have been doubled."

### A Great Sensation.

sation than the Alexander trial, Daily thousand spectators, and these, for the most part, are women and girls, women remaining until the session turial.

Rumors are thick about police headquarters that the detectives sent to Noblesville are hot on the trail of the organization of ghouls who have been operating as extensively in Hamilton county as Cantrell's organization operated in Indianapolis. Cantrell asserted that these men

### they are conducting the traffic on a larger scale than ever.

Murder in Cleveland. Cleveland, O., Feb. 9.-Solomon Shiegelstein, a rag peddler, 40 years old, was found dead in a lower room of his apartments Sunday morning with his head and body crushed and mutilated in a horrible manner. Igolution in opposition to the Panama natz Zahn, his room mate, has been arrested.

### Will Come in a Warship.

New Orleans, Feb. 8.-President Loubet of France, so it is reported will come to this country in June 1904, in a French warship with several members of his cabinet. New Orleans will be the first port touched and he will go hence to the World's

#### Preparing for Balkan Troubles. Vienna, Feb. 9.-It is persistently asserted that Austria is preparing a partial mobilization of her military

forces, in view of possible events in

Theater Destroyed by Fire. Frankfort, Ind., Feb. 9.-The Coicke, well known as a journalist both lumbia theater, the only theater in the city, was burned Sunday. The fire, which is thought to have been of incendiary origin, endangered much of the business portion of the city.

Reforms for Macedonia. Constantinople, Feb. 9.-The Austrian and Russian embassies will present to the porte this week the plan of the proposed reforms in Macedonia.

Loss \$50,000, with \$12,000 insurance.

### WAS HAUNTED BY HER CRIME.

Mrs. Lafagette Taylor, of Centerville, N. L. Confesses to Killing and Cre-

mating Her Husband. Monticello, N. Y., Feb. 9 .- Mrs. Lafayette Taylor, of Centerville, Sullivan county, on Sunday confessed to having killed her husband, Lafayette Taylor, and burned the body on

January 25 to escape detection. Taylor disappeared on the night of January 25 and was supposed to have deserted his family.

On February 6 Mrs. Taylor attempted to sell a horse to a Centerville man, who would not buy for fear Taylor might come back and claim it. Mrs. Taylor told him to rest easy on that point, for she had killed him and

burned his body. The 14-year-old daughter of the Taylors was asked about the story her mother had told about having was tine. Mrs. Taylor was arrested, and on Sunday made a full confession.

Her story is that her husband, who was a hard drinker, came home on the night of January 25 very drunk and began to abuse her. She secured a revolver, which she had purchased a few days before, and tried to frighten him. He attempted to take it from her and in the struggle it went off, the bullet striking him over the eye

and killing e'm instantly.

She was so frightened for fear of being arrested for murder that she decided to cut up the body and burn

Her 14-year-old daughter witnessed the shooting and helped her to cut up the body in small pieces with an ax and burn it in the kitchen stove, together with the clothing of the vic-

The burned bones were ground fine and fed to the hens. The blood spots were covered up with paint.

The Taylors lived on a farm a mile from the main road, and the chances of discovery were few. Mrs. Taylor is about forty years old. She says she confessed because the crime haunted her. She was brought to the Menticello jail Sunday night. The laughter has not been arrested yet.

### KENTUCKIANS FIGHT CRIME.

Special Church Services in Louisville and Other Sections of the State Held on Sunday. Louisville, Ky., Feb. 9.—A campaign

against crime in Louisville and in Kentucky was begun by the ministers of the state, Sunday. In nearly every church in this city special services were held Sunday night or morning and the ministers and prominent laymen made addresses

urging reform in the administration

ous points in Kentucky state that Philadelphia. At Denver once I was churches throughout the commonsimilar services were held in the The services were the outcome of a petition prepared by the Louisville ago, requesting that the ministers of the state set aside Sunday for the purpose of preaching against crime.

which the petition declares was prevalent throughout Kentucky. The direct cause of the action of the ministerial association was a num-

#### during the past few months. A BISHOP'S WIFE DEAD.

Bishop Cranston, of the Metho-

Denver, Col., Feb. 9,-News was reis then pulled in an upright position ceived by Earl M. Cranston of the death at Salinas, Mexico, Sunday, of Mrs. Laura M. Cranston, the wife of of Chicago and St. Louis, Cleveland, Bishop Earl M. Cranston, of the Meth-Cincinnati and Louisville-all of which odist church. Mrs. Cranston accompanied the bishop to Mexico several weeks ago to attend a church conference.

Bishop Cranston, his wife and daughter were in Pekin during the boxer trouble, and United States Min-No criminal case in the history of lister Conger was a guest at the Crans-Indiana has occasioned a greater senton residence when the outbreak be gan, Mrs. Cranston's death was dithe courtroom is thronged with half rectly attributed to nervous shock occasioned by her being a witness to scenes following the outbreak. Men can not force an entrance, the body will be taken to Cincinnati for

### URIBE-UREBE A SUICIDE.

Former Colombian Revolutionisi Dies by His Own Hand After Plotting Another Rebellion.

Kingston, Jamaica, Feb. 9.-The British steamer Para, which arrived have stolen at least 800 bodies, and here Sunday from Colon, brings the that, even with the example of the news of the suicide, on January 30, Indianapolis arrests before them, of the former Colombian revolutionary general, Uribe-Uribe. Gen. Uribe-Uribe published a letter,

December 12, advising Colombia to await the lapsing of the Panama canal concession in 1904, which would leave the Colombian government a free hand in the matter of the canal. The reports brought by the Para in-

#### canal treaty. For Cruelty to Balky Horse.

diente the possibility of another rev-

South Bend, Ind., Feb. 8.-Torson Cabinaw, Benj. Nebols, George Cottrell, Loren Lario and Walter Griffin have been indicted by the grand jury at South Bend, Ind., for pulling out the tongue of a balky horse with a rope in an effort to make the animal

start. Young White Woman Killed.

Moorehead, Ky., Feb. 9.-Mote Stegall, a young white woman, was shot and killed here Sunday by Ben. Marin. It is said Martin was drinking. He claims the shooting was accidental.

#### German Editor Dead. New York, Feb. 9 .- Dr. Paul Haed-

in Germany and America, died here, Sunday, of cirrhosis of the liver. He was born at Brandenburg, 51 years Marion, Ill., Feels a Shock.

## Marion, Ill., Feb. 9.-An earthquake

shock was felt Sunday evening. Preceding the shock a roaring noise was heard. Many persons ran into the street. At the West Side hotel flues were shaken down.